

## SIMMONDS SAYS F. W. SKENE CAN TELL ABOUT BOOKS

Promises to Testify To-Morrow  
Concerning the Former  
State Engineer.

\$10,000 CHECK A BLIND.

Partner Anchester Says He  
Gave It to Ward Off At-  
tack on Simmonds.

When Frederick Simmonds of the bankrupt brokerage firm of Frederick Simmonds & Company goes on the witness stand before United States Commissioner Alexander at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning, he will state under oath that information concerning the books of his old firm, which was dissolved in November, 1909, may be procured by inquiring of Frederick W. Skene, former State Engineer, who, in September, 1910, was indicted upon the charge of holding up good road contracts during his official tenure.

It is charged that Skene had various business interests in the speculative market and that part of his business was done through the firm of Simmonds & Company, amounting, according to the statement of interested persons, to approximately \$17,000. At the time of his trial at Albany, Skene's prosecutors endeavored to ascertain what speculative accounts he had and where they were located.

Skene was indicted under seven counts on Aug. 3, 1910, by a Grand Jury at Albany. After a stormy trial, at which he charged a political plot against him, he was acquitted of any wrongdoing on Sept. 8. In the campaign between Henry L. Stimson and Gov. Dix, the case was made the basis for many campaign speeches and was widely discussed.

**Simmonds Promises to Tell.**  
It was about six months ago that the Simmonds books disappeared. The connection of Skene with the bankruptcy case came to-day when Frederick Simmonds said that he would to-morrow tell just what became of his books and of his efforts to secure their return. Mr. Simmonds declined to say what that statement would be, but he declared that Abner S. Werblin, counsel for the receiver, knew the facts, and that if Werblin forced him to tell them under oath to-morrow he would gladly do so.

Immediately Mr. Werblin said that he would certainly ask the question to-morrow, and get the information. When asked as to the statement that he knew the full details himself he replied:

"I know that it has been reported to me that information as to the missing books could be procured from Frederick Skene, former State Engineer. I will most certainly ask Mr. Simmonds to-morrow to tell the full facts about them."

**Counsel Defends Broker.**  
David L. Podel, of No. 115 Broadway, who is attorney for Mr. Simmonds, decided to put his own statement in writing when asked to-day to state the firm's case. He said:

"The statement that there has been any dishonest dealing, or that there has been anything other than a legitimate brokerage business conducted by the firm of Frederick Simmonds, of which Henry Archerster is a partner, is absolutely unwarranted. Simmonds has been active in the street for over twenty-seven years and bears a splendid reputation."

"His personal embarrassment at the present time is largely due to the fact that for the past year he has been making strenuous efforts to pay 100 cents on the dollar on a prior indebtedness, which he could easily have avoided if he were that kind of a man. As a matter of fact, if all the debts owing to the firm were paid to-day the Simmonds firm would be more than solvent."

"The receiver has been placed in possession of all the facts and is being aided in every way possible by Simmonds and his attorney. Every dollar is being conserved for the benefit of his creditors. The books of the firm are intact and are all in the hands of the receiver. The private ledger, reported to have been missing, has been found by the receiver in the office of the firm."

**Books of Old Firm Missing.**  
"The books of the former concern, that of Frederick Simmonds & Co., have not been in Mr. Simmonds's possession for over six months, and he will tell to-morrow, if questioned, just what became of them and his efforts to secure their return."

Mr. Simmonds said this afternoon that four checks had been paid in all to George N. Scarborough, special agent for the Department of Justice as his personal returns from legitimate transactions. One of these checks, he said, was missing. He added that he had information that a man connected with the testimony had tried to get \$200 for this check, or that the amount had been offered for it by bucket shop interests which are now being prosecuted, and who hoped to call off the activities of the government in their own cases by holding the Scarborough check over him as a club. He said that he had advised Scarborough of this fact and told him to pay no attention to the effort.

At the last hearing before the Commissioner, it was charged in the testimony that the Simmonds firm conducted bucket shop operations. The Government, pushed by the New York Week Exchange and powerful Wall Street interests, has for a year conducted a vigorous campaign for the suppression of such institutions as did "bucket shop" business.

**Names to Be Divulged.**  
Of vital importance in the campaign of the Government is the exclusion

from the mails of all matter from the prohibited concern. So that whatever interest a bucket shop might have in extending favors to Government officials would have to include the Post-Office Department in its scope of operation. Considering which facts, those who held that more remained under cover than had been suggested watched to-day's work closely.

When Simmonds appeared at the Commissioner's office he said that his attorney, David L. Podel, of No. 115 Broadway, would make a formal statement during the day.

Meyer Kusnik, bookkeeper for the Simmonds firm, opened the testimony by swearing that he had kept all of the books for two years prior to the failure of the firm.

"When Henry Archerster came into the firm in July he took from me the keeping of the ledger and cash book," he added.

**Mystery of a \$10,000 Check.**  
Then Abner S. Werblin, attorney for the creditors, sought to find out what had become of a check for \$10,000, which the bookkeeper testified Archerster gave to the firm when he entered it. The bookkeeper said he formally interested the check in the cash box and the lost all knowledge of it other than that he had the assurance that Archerster would take care of it. A Mr. A. M. Morris, he said, succeeded to the custody of the cash box.

Up to December, 1910, said Kusnik, he had charge of all the firm's securities.

"You are familiar with the books of the firm?"

"Yes."

"Are any of them missing?"

"No, sir."

"Didn't you tell me that the cash book was missing?"

"No, I said that I didn't know."

"But didn't you search for it and fail to find it?"

"Yes."

The fair stenographer had to ask the witness to explain his mumbled answer "uh-huh," which he translated as "yes."

Henry Archerster's counsel objected to the examination of his client on the ground that he had already filed an answer in the bankruptcy proceedings denying that he was a bankrupt. The objection was overruled and Archerster was asked:

"What safe deposit boxes have you?"

He said he had one at the same place where Simmonds kept his valuables. He took \$5 or \$10 from the box after the failure.

**Got \$6,000 Before Failure.**  
Archerster said the money was all that was left in the box, but that he had some time before put \$500 and a couple of diamonds in the place, but had withdrawn them.

"Did you get that \$500 from Simmonds?"

"Frankly, I don't remember; I am trying to be frank with you, and am not making a stall."

The diamonds, he said, he got from a man he knew only as "Mack" as security for \$100 he advanced to get the goods out of lock.

"Can you approximate the amount paid to you by Simmonds between Sept. 1 and the failure?"

"I can't vouch for the exact amount, but I should say \$5,000, exclusive of my salary."

Commissioner Alexander directed that all books showing the Archerster account in the Audubon, National and Greenwich banks be produced at the next hearing.

**Explains the \$10,000 Check.**  
Archerster explained how he happened to give his check for \$10,000 to the Simmonds bookkeeper by saying:

"At that time there was a lot of scrapping and argument among a lot of brokers in the Street, sort of created by the troubles with the Scheffetz outfit by reason of their presuming that I was giving the Government evidence against them, and as I was going away for a week or two, I thought it was advisable to have the impression created that if any one in the office was telling people on the outside what was going on, that Simmonds was stronger than he really was, meaning to divert an attack that that crowd might make against him, and, having a new bookkeeper, I was not absolutely sure if I told him 'Be sure that Scheffetz sees this.'"

This bit of evidence showed how "impressions" were created in the Street. Archerster said he did not know what had become of the for-effect-only check.

"Didn't you know that Simmonds was financially weak?"

"I knew he didn't have any barrel of money."

**Light on Scarborough Account.**  
Then Mr. Werblin asked if Archerster had not deposited \$500 in the account with George N. Scarborough, for which transaction Scarborough lost his job as special agent of the Government in the suppression of bucket shops.

"To be frank with you, I never deposited any money in that account. The \$500 credited to me was only a book entry."

This statement showed that the Archerster-Scarborough account was purely a "book entry account," created by the firm itself.

The hearing was unexpectedly adjourned at this point until 11 o'clock to-morrow, and the strange turn in the case was quickly followed by a statement that a prominent State official would also become involved in the case.

**"BEATRICE FAIRFAX" DEAD.**  
Miss Scatterd Falls to Survive Operation in Hospital.

Miss Winifred Scatterd, the "Beatrice Fairfax" of The New York Evening Journal, died Sunday evening in St. Vincent's Hospital, after an operation performed the day before. The body was cremated the day following death.

Miss Scatterd's department, which was called "Advice to the Lovelorn," and which always bore her nom de plume, has been for more than ten years a feature of the Evening Journal. She answered all queries regarding the tender passion and wrote essays on love. Arthur Brisbane, editor of The Evening Journal, referred to her editorially as an "expert in affairs of the heart."

Besides her newspaper work, Miss Scatterd wrote frequently for the magazines under her own name. She lived in West Twelfth street.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

Names to Be Divulged.  
Of vital importance in the campaign of the Government is the exclusion

## 15 GIRLS SAVED BY MEMORIES OF RUTH WHEELER

Answer Man's Advertisement,  
but Fear His Invitation and  
Have Him Arrested.

Memories of little Ruth Wheeler, who was lured to a room by Albert Wolter under his pretense of giving her employment and then killed and burned, came to fifteen young girls who to-day answered the advertisement of Joseph Krossman of No. 167 East Eighty-first street, and they refused to go to his room when invited, but called a policeman. The man was later held by Magistrate Butts under a bond of \$500 to keep the peace for six months. He was unable to give the bond.

Miss Marie McGonigle, a young girl of No. 257 East Fifty-second street, led the revolt of the girls against going to the man's room. Krossman posed as a photographer and he had advertised to employ a young girl in his photographic establishment. Fifteen to-day answered the advertisement.

"This is what happened, as told by Miss McGonigle:

"I was working down town and saw the advertisement. I went up to answer it, and Mary James went along with me. When we got to the house the man was not there, but two or three other girls had already come and we waited with them. Then other girls began to arrive. Pretty soon the man came along. He seemed to know what we were doing and he stopped in the hallway and asked:

"Are you the girls who came in response to my advertisement?"

"We told him who we were and he said for us to come upstairs and he would explain the business to us. He didn't look right to us and I told the other girls that there was something wrong and that I was not going to his room. They agreed with me and we went out an old policeman James Smith of the East eighty-eighth street station.

Now let Policeman Smith take up the narrative:

"I went to the man's room and found a little girl room, with no equipment for a photographer, except a camera, a small camera and a couple of plates. There were no business cards or anything to indicate that the man was in the photographic trade. I picked him up on the charge of disorderly conduct, which was the only thing I could think of to cover his case."

**Didn't Impress Magistrate.**  
The man was arraigned before Magistrate Butts, and a picture of decidedly suggestive character was taken except his pocket. He told the magistrate he came from Montreal where his wife helped him with the business. He said that he wanted a girl to go around with him and solicit business. The magistrate was not impressed.

"In view of the fact that this picture was found on you," said Magistrate Butts, "I do not think that you are the right sort of a man and you will have to furnish a bond of \$500 for your good behavior for six months."

The man was taken to a cell. If he cannot give the bond he will have to visit the Island for six months.

**HANDCUFFED IN BROADWAY.**  
Twelve hoboes, handcuffed together and led by an imitation sheriff placarded with a sign advertising a new play, paraded up Broadway this afternoon and collected a great crowd. Three policemen broke up the performance and conducted the thirteen linked sandwich men to the Centre Street Police Court. Magistrate Freesht fined them \$2 each, and Paul Armstrong, author of the play, paid the fines.

**Maniac Kills Three Men.**  
BURLINGTON, Wash., March 29.—William Weegin, a rancher of South Prairie, became violently insane to-day and taking a rifle went out on a country road and shot and killed the first three passers-by, who were John Rankle, William Rankle and John Ware, all of Burlington.

**Little Microbes**  
MAKE BIG BALD SPOTS.  
Dandruff, Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Baldness All Caused by Dandruff Germs.

If you, dear reader, could work as ceaselessly, as persistently and vigorously, night and day as do the little dandruff germs, your vaults would be full to overflowing with yellow gold.

The proverbial little busy bee is a cheery piker, alongside of the dandruff germ when it comes to work.

If you have dandruff to-day a dandruff germ would start an energetic warfare on the terms that cause dandruff you have a fine chance of sitting among the bald-heads before many years.

Fight the enemy with Parisian Sage. Guaranteed to destroy dandruff, destroy the germs, stop itching scalp, and money back. Is that good enough for you? Large bottle, 50 cents, at Hegeman & Co.'s and druggists everywhere. The girl with the auburn hair is on every bottle and carton.

**Don't Let 'em Dig**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

**CIGARS UNITED**

**UNITED CIGAR STORES**

## M'DONALD'S BODY NOW IN WOODLAWN ON WIDOW'S ORDER

Had Been Buried in Hopewell,  
Dutchess County, After  
Catholic Rites.

The body of John B. McDonald, builder of the subway, whose funeral was held from St. Patrick's Cathedral ten days ago, has been removed from the cemetery at Hopewell, Dutchess County, where burial was made with Roman Catholic rites and now rests in Woodlawn Cemetery. The service attending the reinterment was conducted by the Rev. Dr. Henry Everston Cobb, pastor of the West End Collegiate Church, of which the widow is a member.

Mr. McDonald's friends believed he was a life-long Roman Catholic. His social connections were largely Roman Catholic. But, according to Dr. Cobb, Mr. McDonald was not received into the

Catholic Church until shortly before his death.

The transfer of the body from Hopewell to Woodlawn was made, it appears, on the orders of Mrs. McDonald. There is Dr. Cobb's explanation:

"Mrs. McDonald, while the cause of a Catholic family, was a member of no church. Before he died it was the wish of many of his own relatives that he be admitted into the Roman Catholic Church, among them his cousin, Rev. Dr. Eugene de la McDonald, rector of Gonzaga College of Baltimore, who was the celebrant of the funeral high mass."

"So a very short time before he died, Mr. McDonald was received into the Catholic Church, and Dr. McDonald gave him the last rites."

"Mrs. McDonald is a member of my church, and her daughter and son-in-law are also members. When the question of where the funeral should be held across my advice was asked, and I advised that it be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral, for I do not know of any more fitting place in which to hold the funeral of a great man. The cathedral is most suitable because of its size. So it was decided to hold the funeral there, and the Rev. Dr. McDonald celebrated the mass."

**HIT BY A SUBWAY TRAIN.**  
Herman Horowitz, a printer, of No. 7 East One Hundred and Sixteenth street, was struck this afternoon by a south-bound subway train at One Hundred and Tenth street. Two ribs were fractured and he was taken to Harlem Hospital.

Horowitz was waiting for a train on the Lenox and West Farms division of the subway. He stepped out near the edge of the platform and the nose of the southbound train was drenched by an approaching northbound train.

**"BUCKET SHOPS"**  
GET COURT'S O. K.  
IN WASHINGTON

Justice Wright Jars Attorney-General Who Netted Brokers in Raids.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—"Bucket-shipping" in the District of Columbia is a lawful occupation, according to a decision handed down to-day by Justice Wright in the District Supreme Court, and as a result the widespread crusade waged by the Department of Justice to end the practice in nearly a half score of cities threatens to come to naught.

Justice Wright based his decision on the ground that the amendment to the code defining "bucketing" is unconstitutional because it deprives citizens of the liberty to contract guaranteed them by the Constitution.

The decision was rendered in the case of Edward Altman of Jersey City and Louis A. and Angelo Cella of St. Louis, who operated a so-called bucket-

shop under the title of the Standard Stock and Grain Company. With twenty-six others they were indicted, for conspiracy in operating a chain of bucket shops one of which was located in Washington. While six of those pleaded guilty and were fined in sums aggregating \$5,100 the remainder decided to fight the matter.

The movements of the Government leading up to the indictment was shrouded in the greatest secrecy. On April 2, 1909, however, when indictments were obtained, raids on "shops" in seven cities were made simultaneously, wires were cut and customers were thrown into panic. Since then, according to Attorney-General Wickersham, "bucket-shipping" has become a thing of the past east of Denver.

The Government announced to-day its intention to appeal, from Justice Wright's decision.

**THIS WEEK**  
\$3.00 GOLD GLASSES \$1.00

including a handsome case and a SCIENTIFIC EYE EXAMINATION by a well known "Registered" Specialist of years' experience. All for \$1. If you need glasses don't miss this opportunity.

**ALEXANDER CO.**  
J. W. Solomon, Successor,  
Optical-Optician, established 12 years,  
120 East 23d St. (Lexington Ave.).

# Smokers Don't Patronize UNITED CIGAR STORES Out of Sentiment

WE are doing some advertising addressed to smokers who have never crossed the thresholds of United Cigar Stores.

A good friend of ours says this is a tactical blunder. "Why tell all your competitors that you are going after their trade?" he writes. "Why not go after it quietly, as an army advances on the enemy under the cover of night?"

This is our answer—we know of no usage of good business which stops us from going in a straight-forward way to all the world with a claim on its attention.

Every smoker has to buy of some one—of another dealer if not in a United Cigar Store.

Necessarily to increase the volume of our business we must draw on the people who have yet to become familiar with our stores.

There is nothing unfair or detestable in this—nothing to be ashamed of, nothing that will not bear the light of day.

In a way our friend's allusion to an army is apt, for business in its essence is warfare.

It's not a conflict of arms, or a matching of force—it's a battle between quality, prices, service and, to a large extent, convenience.

Our fight is straight along these lines.

Nobody is going to spend his money with us just to encourage us or withhold it just to break us down.

We get what we get, we think, because the man who buys in a United Cigar Store receives most for his money.

This is the biggest kind of a claim.

Make us prove it.

Call us to the witness stand—to the counters of our own stores—to offer the necessary proof. Make us face you in open court and make us fish or cut bait.

If we fail the worst that has happened to you is to have satisfied yourself that in avoiding United Cigar Stores you have not lost a cent.

One of the strong proofs that you get most for your money in United Cigar Stores is our RICORO, Saratoga size, cigar.

The price is 3 for 20c—so many old friends, all over the country, say it is a top value for a bottom price that we earnestly recommend it to our new friends.



Largest Retailers of Cigars and Tobacco in the World  
Because We Serve the People Best

J. & J. Colman, Ltd.,  
LONDON.  
D.S.F. Mustard Relish  
HIGH CLASS  
GET FROM YOUR GROCER

## The Great Blood Purifier Brandreth's PILLS

The best laxative and blood tonic in the world. One or two at night make those who use them handsome, ruddy, and healthy. Commence your treatment to-night. Delays are dangerous.



Big money's-worth  
Campbell's Soups are so condensed that every can makes fully twice its volume of rich full-flavored soup.

You don't pay for water, nor the packing and carrying of water when you buy

**Campbell's Soups**

Our improved condensing process saves money on cans, boxes, labor and freight.

And you get for 10 cents the best soups made at any price.

If you don't say so, too, the grocer returns your money.

What's your answer to that?

21 kinds 10c a can  
Just add hot water, bring to a boil, and serve.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL COMPANY  
Camden N. J.

Look for the red-and-white label

**Guaranteed Solid 14k. \$9**

Seven hundred of these Watches will be put on sale this morning at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the New York Public Library. We will accept mail orders with the understanding that we will have the privilege of returning the money if the stock has been exhausted by sales over the counter before the order is received. This is bound to be a big sale as these watches are all guaranteed to be Solid 14k gold throughout and through. We may make any mistake. They are not gold filled gold, plated gold, or any other gold, but every grain of metal in these cases is guaranteed to be pure 14k gold, and will stand the test according to the United States assay. It is a fact that no better watches are being sold every day in New York for \$20.00 and sometimes more.

**FREE CLOCKS**

No matter what kind of a Watch you buy at the above sale, you will be presenting, free of charge, with one of our Little Giant Gold Watch, clock, guaranteed to run in all positions and keep perfect time for 20 years.

**CHARLES A. KEENE**  
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,  
180 Broadway, New York.

**LAHN FURNITURE CO**  
CARPETS BEDDING ETC  
588-590 9th AV. NEAR 42nd  
OUT OF HIGH RENT DISTRICT  
YOU SAVE 1/2

**\$1.00 A WEEK**  
OPENS AN ACCOUNT  
Special Sale Go-Carts